



The Mysore Gazette.

Vol. 68]

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

[No. 21

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1933.

PART I

IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS

CHIEF SECRETARIAT

Mysore Arms Regulation.

READ—

Letter No. C. 2. 306—82, dated 3rd May 1933, from the Inspector-General of Police in Mysore, submitting the report on the working of the Mysore Arms Regulation and the Rules thereunder for the calendar year 1932.

ORDER No. P. 5994-6003—POL. 168-32-2, DATED BANGALORE,
15.—17TH MAY 1933.

Recorded.

R. RANGA RAO,
Chief Secretary to Government.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

Statement of Cattle Mortality.

READ—

Letter No. Per. 38 of 32-33, dated 13th April 1933, from the Director of Agriculture in Mysore forwarding the statement of cattle mortality in the State for the half-year ending 31st December 1932, with his review thereon.

(The Director's review and statement are printed as annexures).

ORDER No. D. 5693-702—STCS. 22-32-4, DATED BANGALORE, THE 12TH
MAY 1933.

Recorded.

2. The total mortality of cattle in the State during the half-year shows an increase of 9.9 per cent compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, while mortality under contagious diseases alone shows an increase of 4.5 per cent. Mortality under Rinderpest was the lowest ever recorded being 7.6 per cent of the total mortality under contagious diseases. Mortality under foot and mouth also is the lowest observed for some years. The mortality under Hæmorrhagic Septicæmia, Anthrax and Blackquarter formed 56.7 per cent of the total mortality under contagious diseases during the period under review.

Cattle Mortality Returns. The Revenue Commissioner's attention is invited to the remarks of the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, in the matter of the collection of the returns, and he is requested to take suitable action to enforce the preparation and submission of correct returns in future.

S/ ABDUL WAJID,

Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

ANNEXURE.

LETTER No. C. S. 301-627 OF 1932-33, DATED THE 1st APRIL 1933, FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT, CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENT, BANGALORE, TO THE DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

I have the honor to forward herewith the return of Cattle Mortality in the State, for the half-year ending 31st December 1932, together with the statement of C. M. returns received from Patels for the same period and to state:

1. The total mortality in the State during the half-year from all causes—both contagious and non-contagious—shows an increase of 3,331 or 9.9 per cent over that of same period during the previous year.

2. That the mortality due to contagious diseases alone shows an increase of 342 or 4.5 per cent over that of the same period for the previous year.

3. Mortality under Rinderpest, the most serious disease of Live-stock in the State, is the lowest ever recorded, being only 606 or 7.6 per cent of the total mortality under contagious diseases.

During the period under review, the incidence of Rinderpest was very low mainly owing to prompt control measures being adopted to stamp out the few infected centres before the commencement of Cattle Fairs when a large scale movement of cattle takes place usually leading to rapid spread of the disease.

During the half-year, excepting in two instances in Shimoga District, action under Regulation II of 1927, was not found necessary as raiyats readily submitted their cattle for inoculation.

Seven thousand, five hundred and twenty-five S. S. inoculations were performed during the period under review.

4. Although the total mortality under Blackquarter, Anthrax and Hæmorrhagic Septicæmia shows a decrease of 3.9 per cent over to that of the previous year, they still formed 56.7 per cent of the total mortality under contagious diseases during the half-year. Mortality under Blackquarter and Anthrax is specially noticeable.

Blackquarter filtrate, bacterin and serum as well as H. S. serum and vaccine prepared by the Mysore Serum Institute have been exclusively used when dealing with outbreaks of these diseases.

Sixty-three thousand, eight hundred and fifty-eight inoculations were performed during the half-year ending December 1932 in all.

5. Mortality under Foot and Mouth is the lowest observed for some years.

6. The mortality under Parasitic Diseases is shown as 810 only, but this appears to represent deaths from parasitic infestation only among cattle, as during personal investigation by the officers of the Department, it was observed that a very large mortality had occurred among sheep and goats due to worm parasites. It is evident, therefore, that